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Trade Performance for The Month of September 2017 and the Period of January- September 2017

11 Straight Months of Strong Growth for Exports, Imports and Trade

Exports remained strong in September 2017, registering a double-digit growth of 14.8% to RM78.26 billion compared to September 2016. In the first nine months of 2017, exports surged by 21.3% to RM690.25 billion. Based on the performance so far, the full year estimate of 16.6% export growth as stated in the Economic Report 2017/2018 is well within reach. This would support the projected economic growth of between 5.2% and 5.7% for 2017. With the emphasis on export promotion in the 2018 budget, exports is expected to be sustained in 2018.

September export achievements were supported by robust demand from major markets mainly from ASEAN, China, Hong Kong SAR, the European Union (EU), the United States of America (USA), Republic of Korea (ROK), Japan, Australia, Mexico and Turkey.

In September 2017, imports grew by 15.2% to RM69.65 billion compared with September 2016. In the first nine months of 2017, imports amounted to RM620.66 billion, rose by 22%. Total trade expanded by 15% to RM147.91 billion in September 2017. Malaysia's trade in the first nine months of 2017 increased by 21.7% to RM1.311 trillion compared with the same period of 2016.

In September 2017, trade surplus rose to RM8.6 billion, making it the 239th consecutive months of trade surplus recorded since November 1997. For the first nine months of 2017, trade surplus amounted to RM69.59 billion, a 15.6% increase over the same period of 2016.

On a month-on-month (m-o-m) basis, total trade, exports and imports contracted by 4.3%, 4.9% and 3.7%, respectively. In the third quarter (Q3) of 2017 total trade expanded by 21% to RM451.73 billion compared with Q3 2016. Exports soared by 22.1% to RM239.19 billion, registering the fastest year-on-year (y-o-y) growth since second quarter (Q2) of 2010.

Imports rose by 19.8% to RM212.54 billion. A trade surplus of RM26.65 billion was recorded, an increase of 44.6%.

Export Performance of Major Sectors

Export Growth Driven by Manufactured Goods

Exports of manufactured goods in September 2017 grew by 17.1% or RM9.58 billion to RM65.62 billion, accounting for 83.9% of Malaysia's total exports. The increase was supported mainly by higher exports of electrical and electronic (E&E) products which rose by 17.7% to RM30.87 billion from last year. This was the nine consecutive months where exports of E&E products recorded a double-digit growth.

Apart from E&E products, double-digit expansion in exports were also recorded for petroleum products, manufactures of metal, transport equipment, optical and scientific equipment, rubber products, iron and steel products as well as textiles, apparels and footwear. Increases in exports were registered for all manufactured subsectors except for processed food, beverages and tobacco.

Exports of mining goods in September 2017 grew by 6.1% to RM5.54 billion, accounting for 7.1% of Malaysia's total exports. The higher growth was driven by increased exports of liquefied natural gas (LNG), underpinned by both higher Average Unit Value (AUV) and volume. Exports of agriculture goods amounted to RM6.3 billion, 1.8% lower from September 2016. This was mainly caused by lower exports of palm oil and palm oil-based agriculture products which decreased by 1.7% to RM4.5 billion. Agriculture goods accounted for 8.1% of Malaysia's total exports.

Major exports in September 2017 were:

- E&E products valued at RM30.87 billion, constituting 39.4% of total exports, increased by 17.7% from September 2016;
- Petroleum products, RM6 billion, 7.7% of total exports, increased by 22.4%;
- Chemicals and chemical products, RM5.24 billion, 6.7% of total exports, increased by 2.8%;
- Palm oil and palm oil-based agriculture products, RM4.5 billion, 5.7% of total exports, declined by 1.7%; and
- Manufactures of metal, RM3.25 billion, 4.2% of total exports, increased by 25.4%.

Compared to August 2017, exports of manufactured goods fell by 3.1%, agriculture goods (\downarrow 5.7%) and mining goods (\downarrow 19.8%).

In the first nine months of 2017, exports of manufactured goods expanded by 20.6% to RM566.15 billion compared with the corresponding period of 2016, on account of higher exports of E&E products, petroleum products, chemicals and chemical products, rubber products as well as iron and steel products. Exports of mining goods rose by 29.6% to RM58.68 billion, mainly due to increased exports of LNG and crude petroleum, underpinned by higher AUV. All products in the mining sector recorded double-digit growth during the period. Exports of agriculture goods rose by 15.9% to RM58.4 billion, with higher exports of palm oil and natural rubber, due to higher AUV.

Performance of Major Markets

Higher Exports to ASEAN, Led by Manufactured Goods

Trade with ASEAN grew by 17.4% y-o-y to RM41.14 billion, accounting for 27.8% of Malaysia's total trade in September 2017. Exports continued to register a double-digit growth, up by 12.7% to RM22.69 billion. Better export performance were seen in manufactured goods which increased by 13.9% or RM2.49 billion in September 2017. The increase was attributed mainly by higher exports of E&E products, transport equipment, petroleum products, chemicals and chemical products as well as optical and scientific equipment. Imports from ASEAN surged 23.8% to RM18.45 billion.

Breakdown of exports to ASEAN countries in September 2017 is as follows:

- Singapore RM 11.25 billion, increased by 8.1%
- Thailand RM 3.87 billion, ↑7.0%
- Indonesia RM 3.23 billion, ↑42.9%
- Viet Nam RM 2.38 billion, ↑16.3%
- Philippines RM 1.41 billion, ↑14.1%
- Myanmar RM 269.1 million, ↓6.6%
- Brunei RM 178.3 million, ↓0.9%
- Cambodia RM 104.1 million, ↑9.6%
- Lao PDR RM 5.4 million, ↓20.9%

Exports to Indonesia increased by RM969.1 million, owing to higher exports of transport equipment. Exports to Singapore soared by RM839.8 million, contributed largely by higher exports of E&E products. Exports to Viet Nam grew by RM332.4 million due to higher exports of petroleum products.

On a m-o-m basis, exports, imports and total trade declined by 3.1%, 6.3% and 4.5%, respectively.

In January-September 2017, trade with ASEAN expanded by 23.1% to RM361.12 billion from the same period of 2016. Exports to this region expanded by 20.1% to RM202.38 billion. All major sectors attained double-digit growth with higher exports recorded for manufactured goods, particularly, E&E products, petroleum products, chemicals and chemical products, machinery, equipment and parts as well as transport equipment. Imports increased by 27.1% to RM158.74 billion.

Exports to China Continued On an Upward Trend

Trade with China in September 2017 rose by 15.9% y-o-y to RM24.68 billion, constituting 16.7% of Malaysia's total trade. Strong and continuous demand from China saw Malaysia's exports to the country rose by 27.1% to RM11.39 billion, led by higher uptake of E&E products, LNG, petroleum products, manufactures of metal, rubber products as well as chemicals and chemical products. These products represented 76.4% of Malaysia's exports to China. Exports to China in September posted a stronger y-o-y growth than imports for the sixth straight month. Imports from China increased by 7.8% to RM13.29 billion.

Compared to August 2017, exports increased marginally by 0.8% while imports and total trade contracted by 4.6% and 2.2%, respectively. Trade with China in January-September 2017 expanded by 24.8% to RM212.94 billion compared with the previous period of 2016. Exports to China surged by 35.3% to RM91.87 billion, due to higher exports of E&E products, petroleum products, rubber products, chemicals and chemical products as well as LNG. Imports from China increased by 17.9% to RM121.08 billion.

EU - E&E Exports Hit a Record High

Malaysia's trade with the EU in September 2017 amounted to RM14.03 billion or 9.5% of Malaysia's total trade, an increase of 10.1% from September 2016. Exports to the EU maintained a double-digit growth since January 2017, expanding by 16.2% to RM7.99 billion. This was driven mainly by higher exports of manufactured goods, in particular, E&E products which rose significantly by 28.5% or RM967.3 million to RM4.37 billion. This was the highest monthly export value ever recorded, thus far. The share of E&E products improved to 54.6% from 49.4% in September 2016. Imports grew by 2.9% to RM6.03 billion.

Among the top 10 EU markets, exports to 8 markets registered increases, with 5 recording double-digit growth, namely, Germany (\uparrow 24.2%), the Netherlands (\uparrow 11%), Hungary (\uparrow 70.1%), Belgium (\uparrow 17.7%) and Poland (\uparrow 37.2%). On a m-o-m basis, exports, imports and total trade slipped by 4.7%, 12.3% and 8.1%, respectively.

In the first nine months of 2017, trade with the EU recorded a growth of 17.3% to RM127.4 billion compared with the corresponding period of 2016. Exports to the EU increased by 22.5% to RM70.9 billion, with export increases recorded for almost all products. Imports from the EU rose by 11.4% to RM56.5 billion.

Exports to the USA Recorded Double Digit Growth

In September 2017, Malaysia's trade with the USA rose by 14.1% y-o-y to RM12.82 billion and accounted for 8.7% of Malaysia's total trade. Exports to the USA grew by 10.7% to RM7.68 billion, buoyed by higher exports of all sectors. Expansion in exports were recorded for manufactures of metal, transport equipment, petroleum products, optical and scientific equipment as well as iron and steel products. Imports were up by 19.5% to RM5.14 billion. Compared to August 2017, exports, imports and total trade contracted by 3.4%, 3.7% and 3.5%, respectively.

In January-September of 2017, trade with the USA expanded by 19% to RM119.88 billion from the same period of 2016. Exports to the USA rose by 11.5% to RM66.17 billion led by higher exports of E&E products, rubber products, machinery, equipment and parts, iron and steel products as well as chemicals and chemical products. Imports from the USA increased by 29.9% to RM53.72 billion.

Exports to Japan Remained Resilient

On a y-o-y basis, trade with Japan in September 2017 expanded by 8.7% to RM11.16 billion, accounting for 7.5% of Malaysia's total trade. Exports to Japan increased by 6.9% to RM5.83 billion, supported by increased exports of E&E products, wood products, rubber products, chemicals and chemical products as well as palm oil and palm oil-based agriculture products. Imports were up by 10.8% to RM5.33 billion. On a m-o-m basis, exports, imports and total trade were lower by 5.3%, 2.6% and 4%, respectively.

During the first nine months of 2017, trade with Japan amounted to RM103.07 billion, grew by 16.6% from the corresponding period a year ago. Exports to Japan were valued at RM56.02 billion, soared by 20.1% due to higher exports of E&E products, LNG, chemicals and chemical products, textiles, apparels and footwear, petroleum products as well as optical and scientific equipment. Imports from Japan expanded by 12.7% to RM47.05 billion.

Robust Growth in Trade with FTA Partners

In September 2017, trade with Free Trade Agreement (FTA) partners expanded by 15.7% y-o-y to RM94.04 billion and accounted for 63.6% of Malaysia's total trade. Exports to FTA partners amounted to RM48.74 billion, up by 14.8% while imports expanded by 16.6% to RM45.3 billion.

Exports to the ROK surged by 25.4% to RM2.18 billion, attributed by higher exports of E&E products, Australia (\uparrow 14.2% to RM2.35 billion, petroleum products), Turkey (\uparrow 27.8% to RM888.9 million, E&E products), Pakistan (\uparrow 45.2% to RM506.2 million, palm oil and palm oil-based agriculture products) and New Zealand (\uparrow 18.9% to RM237.3 million, chemicals and chemical products). Compared to August 2017, total trade, exports and imports declined by 3.8%, 4.9% and 2.5%, respectively.

During January-September of 2017, total trade with FTA partners grew by 22.8% to RM829.88 billion, accounting for 63.3% of Malaysia's total trade. Exports amounted to RM435.57 billion, an increase of 23.6% and imports totalled RM394.31 billion, expanded by 21.9%. Higher exports were recorded to all FTA partners except for Lao PDR.

Imports

In September 2017, imports increased by 15.2% to RM69.65 billion. The three main categories of imports by end use were:

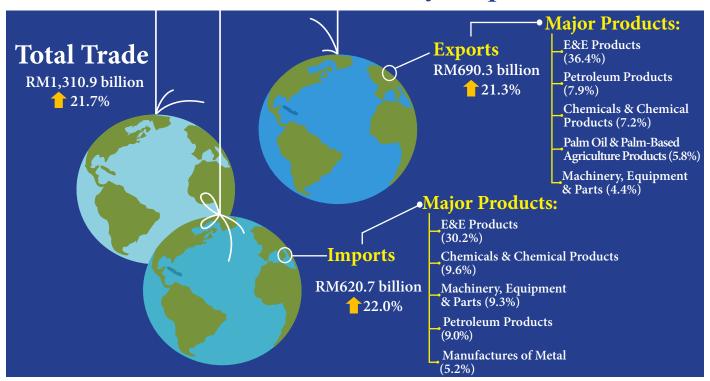
- Intermediate goods, valued at RM39.51 billion or 56.7% of total imports, increased by 13.7%, underpinned by higher imports of parts and accessories of capital goods (except transport equipment), particularly electrical machinery and equipment;
- Capital goods, amounted to RM9.26 billion or 13.3% of total imports, expanded by 10.4%, due mainly to higher imports of capital good (except transport equipment), particularly machinery and mechanical appliances; and
- Consumption goods, totalled RM5.72 billion or 8.2% of total imports, increased by 5.6%, as a result of higher imports of processed food and beverages mainly for household consumption especially cereals.

During the first nine months of 2017, imports were valued at RM620.66 billion, an increase of 22% from the corresponding period of 2016. Intermediate goods were valued at RM361.35 billion, increased by 24.1%, capital goods (RM84.05 billion, ↑14.6%) and consumption goods (RM52.31 billion, ↑6.5%).

Ministry of International Trade and Industry 3 November 2017

MALAYSIA

Trade Performance, January-September 2017



Trade by Region, January-September 2017



Source: Department of Statistics, Malaysia



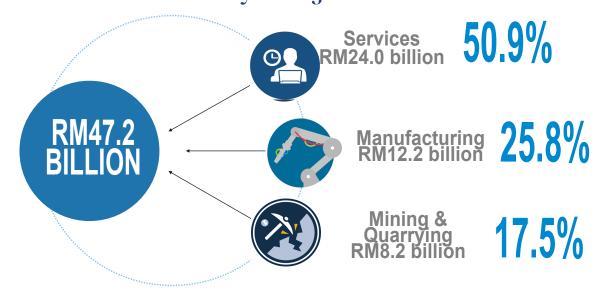


Source: Department of Statistics, Malaysia

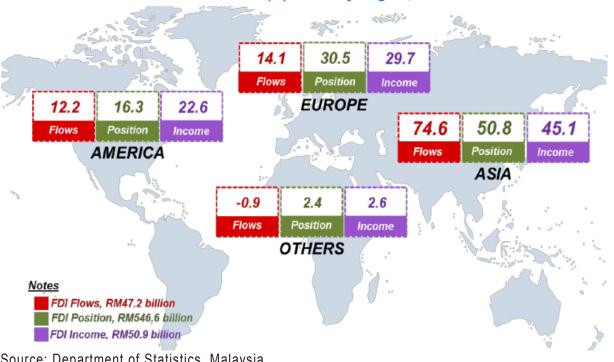
Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) Performance 2013-2016



Net FDI Flows by Major Sector 2016



Share (%) of FDI by Region



Source: Department of Statistics, Malaysia

84.57

78.43

77.44

70.60

54.47

53.01

44.21

INTERNATIONAL REPORT

RANKING IN N





What is measured in Doing Business? Starting a Getting a business location Dealing with construction permits Starting a busine <u>%</u> Resolving insolvency BÉGa Registering property 俞 Operating in a Enforcing Accessing secure business contracts finance Getting c environment \$ Paying taxes minority investors **Dealing with** day-to-day operations

EASE OF DOING BUSINESS TOP - 10 RANKINGS



Summaries of Doing Business Reforms in 2016/2017 for Malaysia

Getting credit

Malaysia strengthened access to credit by adopting a new law that establishes a modern collateral registry.

Protecting minority investors

Malaysia strengthened minority investor protections by requiring greater corporate transparency.

Trading across borders

Malaysia made importing and exporting easier by improving the infrastructure, equipment and facilities at Port Klang.

Malaysia's Ranking for Doing Business 2018 Indicators:



Cambodia (135)

Lao PDR (141)

Myanmar (171)

Registering

Property









Getting

Credit



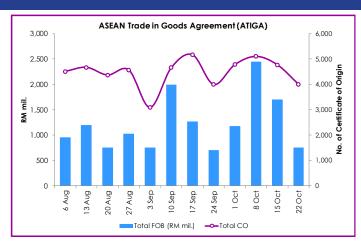
Getting

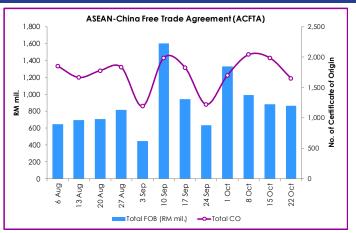
Electricity

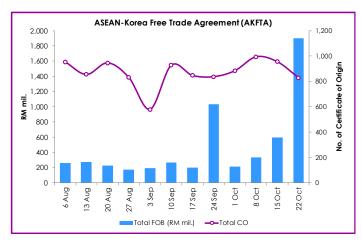
- Notes: 1. Numbers in the chart refers to distance to frontier
 - 2. Numbers in the parenthesis is the ranking

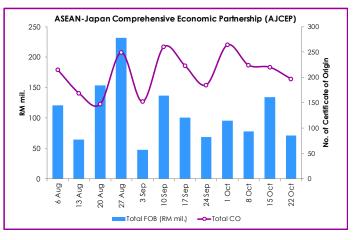
Source: www.doingbusiness.org/~/media/WBG/DoingBusiness/Documents/Annual-Reports/English/DB2018-Full-Report.pdf

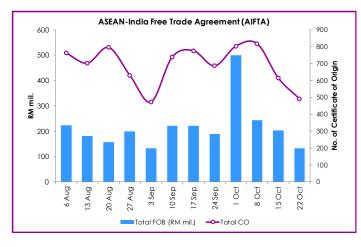
Number and Value of Preferential Certificates of Origin (PCOs)

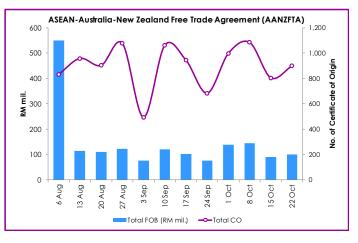


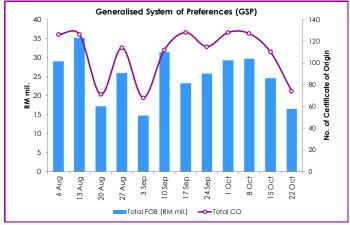








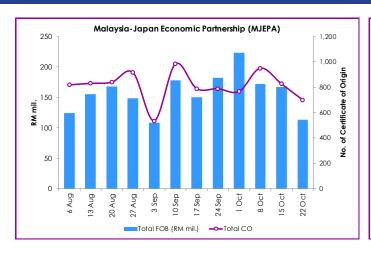


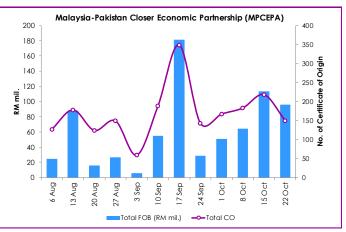


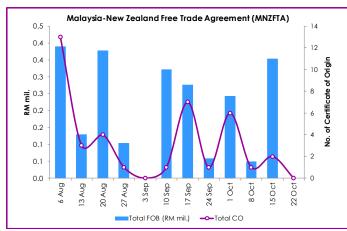
Note: The preference giving countries under the GSP scheme are Liechtenstein, the Russian Federation, Japan, Switzerland, Belarus, Kazakhstan and Norway.

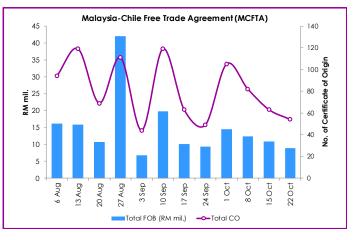
Note: *Provisional Data Source: Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Malaysia

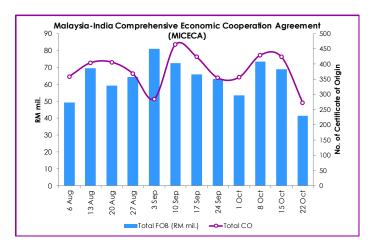
Number and Value of Preferential Certificates of Origin (PCOs)

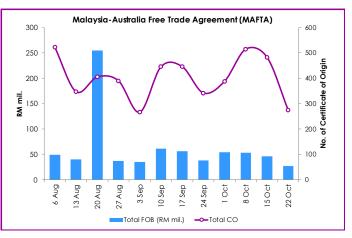


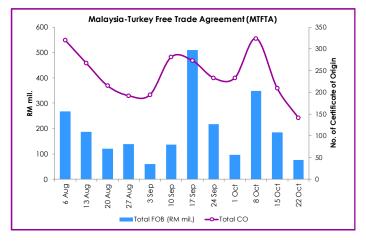








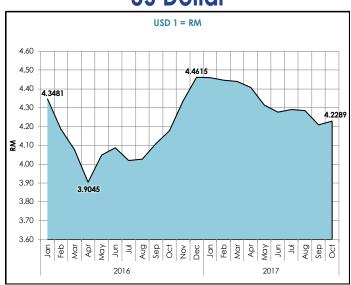




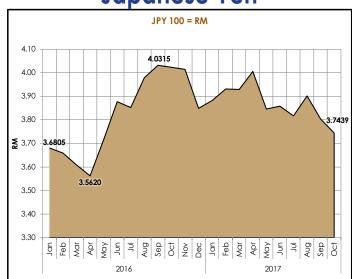
Note: *Provisional Data Source: Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Malaysia

Malaysian Ringgit Exchange Rate with Selected Countries, January 2016 - September 2017

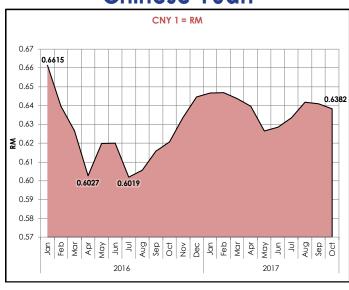




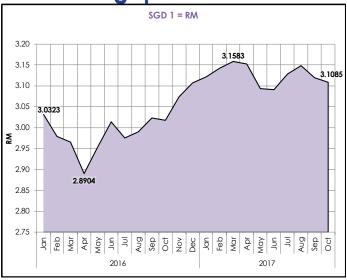
Japanese Yen



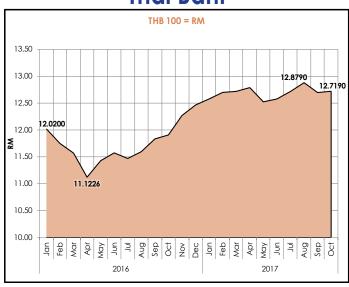
Chinese Yuan



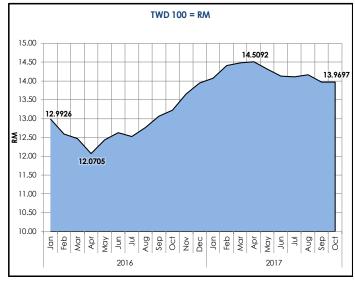
Singapore Dollar



Thai Baht



New Taiwan Dollar



Source : Bank Negara Malaysia

Commodity Prices



CRUDE PETROLEUM (BRENT) -per bbl-

3 Nov 2017 : US\$62.1, 2.7%* Average Priceⁱ: 2016: US\$45.3

2015: US\$53.6



CRUDE PALM OIL -per MT-

3 Nov 2017 : US\$733.0, ▲ 0.6%* Average Priceⁱ: 2016: US\$702.2

2015: US\$616.9



SUGAR -per lbs-

3 Nov 2017 : US¢ 14.4, 1.7%*

Average Priceⁱ: 2016: US¢18.2

2015: US¢13.2



RUBBER SMR 20

-per MT-

3 Nov 2017 : US\$1,413.5, \(\sqrt{0.8}\%^*

Average Priceⁱ: 2016: US\$1.394.5

2015: US\$1.364.3



COCOA SMC 2

-per MT-

3 Nov 2017 : US\$1,488.5, 7.8%*

Average Priceⁱ: 2016: US\$1,609.8

2015: US\$2,077.0



COAL -per MT-

3 Nov 2017 : US\$64.4, **4.8**%

Average Priceⁱ: 2016: US\$45.6

2015: US\$49.9



3 Nov 2017 : US\$340.0 (high), 6.3%*

US\$320.0 (low), 6.7%*

Average Priceⁱ: 2016: US\$243.2

2015: US\$239.6

Notes: All figures have been rounded to the nearest decimal point * Refer to % change from the previous week's price i Average price in the year except otherwise indicated

HIGHEST and LOWEST 2016/2017

Crude Petroleum (Brent) -per bbl-

Highest

3 Nov 2017: US\$62.1

30 Dec 2016: US\$56.8

Lowest 23 June 2017: US\$45.5 15 Jan 2016 : US\$28.9

Crude Palm Oil -per MT-

Highest

20 Jan 2017 : US\$843.0

30 Dec 2016: US\$797.5



Lowest 30 June 2017 : US\$650.0

15 Jan 2016 : US\$545.5

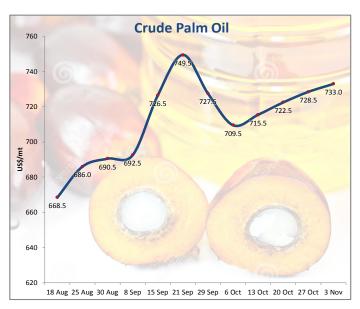
Domestic Prices 3 Nov 2017

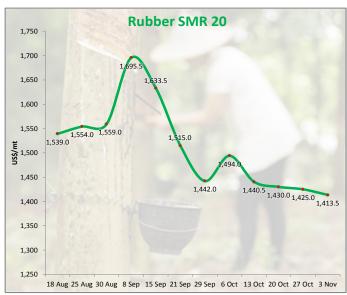


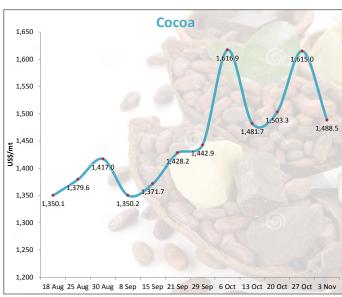
Billets (per MT) RM2,150 - RM2,300

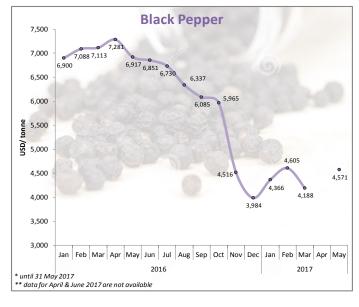
Steel Bars (per MT) RM2,350 - RM2,500

Commodity Price Trends





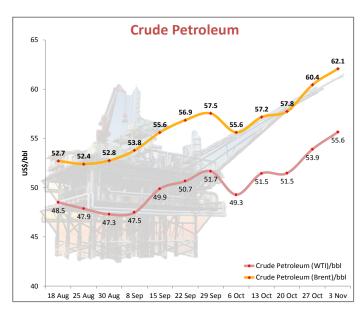


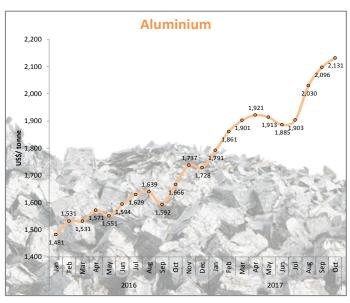


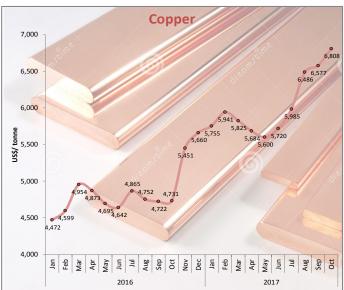


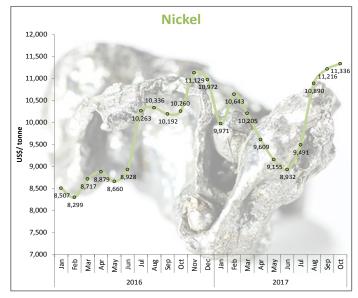
Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Palm Oil Board, Malaysian Rubber Board, Malaysian Cocoa Board, Malaysian Pepper Board, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group, World Bank, World Gold Council, The Wall Street Journal.

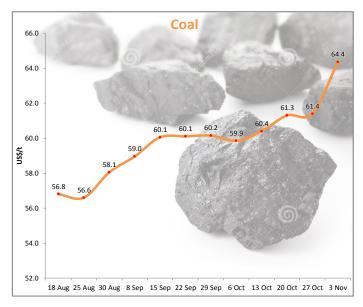
Commodity Price Trends





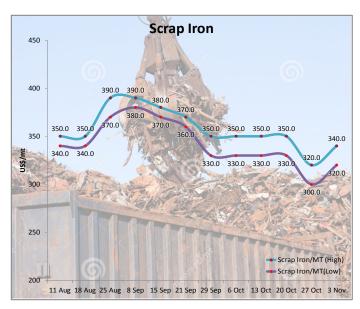


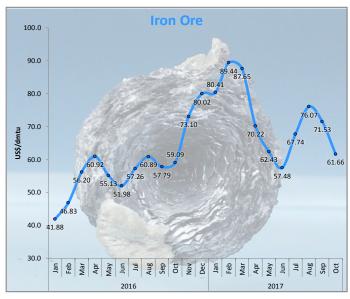


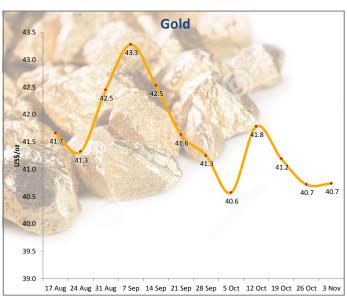


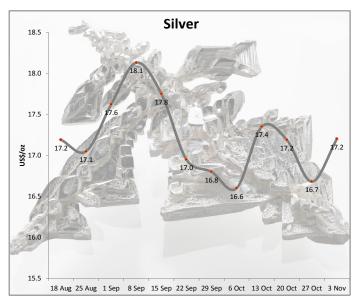
Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, , Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group, World Bank, World Gold Council, The Wall Street Journal.

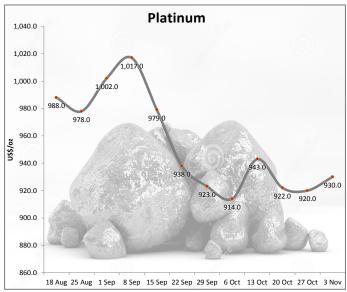
Commodity Price Trends











Sources: Ministry of International Trade and Industry Malaysia, Malaysian Iron and Steel Industry Federation, Bloomberg and Czarnikow Group, World Bank.

MITI PROGRAMME

DAYA eUsahawan, 30-31 Oktober 2017



MITH PROGRAMME

Malaysia Digital Free Trade Zone (DFTZ) Goes Live, 3 November 2017















MITI PROGRAMME

Royal Gala Dinner with Prince Charles 4 November 2017



Malaysian Car of the Year Awards 6 November 2017









Regional Trade Agreements

A preferential trade agreement or free trade agreement, signed between countries in the same region (often located near to each other).

Regionalism

Refers to the expression of a common sense of identity and purpose combined with the creation and implementation of institutions that express a particular identity and shape collective action within a geographical region. Regionalism is a theory and action implemented by governments for trade liberalization or facilitation in a region, or carried out through free trade areas or customs unions (WTO definition).

Remanufacturing

The process of transforming a used product to as good as new condition by rebuilding its component parts back to its functionality performance specifications and also by replacing unbuildable parts with brand new components and carries an acceptable warranty period as to a brand new (similar) product manufactured by the Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs).

Robotics and Factory Automation Equipment

Whole spectrum of integrated automation solutions for industrial manufacturing with particular emphasis on mechanical engineering and robotics for various industries.

QVC

Qualifying Value Content

ROO

Rules of Origin

Rotterdam Convention

A legally binding obligation for the implementation of PIC procedure on chemical trade.

RVC

Regional Value Content

Safeguard Measures

Action taken to protect a specific industry from an unexpected build-up of imports - generally governed by Article 19 of GATT. The Agriculture Agreement and Textiles and Clothing Agreement have different specific types of safeguards: "special safeguards" in agriculture, and "transitional safeguards" in textiles and clothing.

Source: http://www.miti.gov.my/index.php/glossary



ANNOUNCEMENT



AKI 2018 - Open to All companies Closing Date: 31 January 2018

INDUSTRY EXCELLENCE AWARD



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ON PUBLIC SERVICE DELIVERY

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3rd PUBLIC CONSULTATION ON REVIEW OF INDUSTRIAL CO-ORDINATION ACT 1975

[ACT 156]



From 24 October to 11 November 2017

The Industrial Co-ordination Act 1975 ("ICA") is an Act to provide for the co-ordination and orderly development of manufacturing activities in Malaysia. The Ministry of International Trade and Industry is in the midst of reviewing the ICA with the objective to provide a more conducive environment for businesses.

Thus, all members of the public are invited to participate in this ICA online consultation process which will run from 24 October 2017 until 11 November 2017. Kindly click at http://grp.miti.gov.my/index.php/public_consultation/view/34 to provide feedback and suggestions.



19 November 2017 | Ahad

MASA	ATURCARA	TEMPAT
8.00 pg - 9.00 pg	- Ketibaan Pengunjung	
9.00 pg - 5.00 ptg	 Pameran MITI & Agensi Pameran Kerjaya & Sesi Temuduga Terbuka Kapsul Bumiputera Pameran Automotif, Pelancaran Kereta Model Baharu & Demonstrasi Kenderaan Autonomous Program e-Dagang bersama Google Persembahan Dikir Barat Berinformasi KADA Food Truck Park 	Foyer Aras 1 Foyer, Dewan Wau, Congkak & Sekebun Bunga Aras 1 Foyer & Dewan Selampit 1, Aras M2 Perkarangan Hotel Dewan Lido, Aras G Dewan Putri Sa'adong, Aras 1 Perkarangan Hotel
9.30 pg - 10.30 pg	- Upacara Perasmian oleh YB Menteri MITI, Dato' Sri Mustapa Mohamed	Dewan Putri Sa'adong, Aras 1
10.30 pg - 11.30 pg	- Dialog TN-50 & Sesi Townhall PKS bersama YB Dato' Sri Mustapa Mohamed	Dewan Putri Sa'adong, Aras 1
11.30 pg - 12.30 tgh hari	 Lawatan YB Dato' Sri Mustapa Mohamed ke Pameran : Pelancaran Kereta Model Baharu di Lokasi Pameran Automotif 	Perkarangan Hotel
2.30 ptg - 4.30 ptg	- Jom Labur bersama Tuan Haji Mohd Asri Ahmad	Dewan Putri Sa'adong 2 & 3, Aras 1
2.30 ptg - 4.30 ptg	- Seminar Industri 4.0	Dewan Putri Sa'adong 1, Aras 1
2.30 ptg - 4.30 ptg	- Program Mudahcara Pensijilan HALAL oleh HDC	Dewan Selampit 2, Aras M2
2.30 ptg - 4.30 ptg	Pocket Talk mengenai ASEAN Pocket Talk di Kapsul Bumiputera	Dewan Selampit 1, Aras M2
5.30 ptg	- Program Tamat	

20 November 2017 | Isnin

MASA	ATURCARA	TEMPAT
8.00 pg - 9.00 pg	- Pendaftaran	Foyer, Aras 1
9.00 pg - 10.30 ptg	- Upacara Perasmian oleh YB Menteri MITI, Dato' Sri Mustapa Mohamed	Dewan Putri Sa'adong, Aras 1
10.30 pg - 11.45 pg	SESI PERBINCANGAN PANEL SESI PERTAMA: Sektor Pembinaan & Bekalan Bahan Binaan Ahli-ahli Panel: Perbadanan PR1MA Malaysia "Projek Perumahan Rakyat 1Malaysia di Kelantan" Lembaga Pembangunan Industri Pembinaan Malaysia (CIDB) "Penggunaan IBS Dalam Sektor Pembinaan" Universiti Sains Islam Malaysia (USIM) "Ciri-ciri Persekitaran & Senibina Islam" Perumahan Penjawat Awam 1Malaysia (PPA1M) "Skim Rumah Mampu Milik Untuk Penjawat Awam"	Dewan Putri Sa'adong, Aras 1
11.45 pg - 1.00 ptg	Sektor Pemprosesan & Bekalan Makanan Ahli-ahli Panel: LULU Hypermarket "Peluang Bekalan Produk PKS & Kriteria Kelayakan" Institut Penyelidikan Produk Halal UPM "Teknologi Penyediaan Produk berasaskan Halalan Toyyiban" G-Orange Homemart Sdn. Bhd. "Pemasaran Produk Keluaran PKS & Kriteria Kelayakan" Institut Penyelidikan Dan Kemajuan Pertanian Malaysia (MARDI) "Pembangunan Usahawan Industri Makanan Berasaskan Pertanian"	Dewan Putri Sa'adong, Aras 1
1.00 ptg - 2.00 ptg	- Jamuan Tengahari	Lounge Hotel
2.00 ptg - 4.30 ptg	- Sesi Perbincangan Bersama Institusi Kewangan & Agensi Kerajaan	Dewan Putri Sa'adong, Aras 1
4.30 ptg	- Program Tamat	

DIGITAL FREE TRADE ZONE



Help SMEs to export their products globally with ease





Enable global market places to source from Malaysian manufacturers and sellers



Make Malaysia the regional fulfillment hub for global brands to reach ASEAN buyers



Nurture an ecosystem to drive innovation in e-commerce and internet economy

The three components



eServices Platform

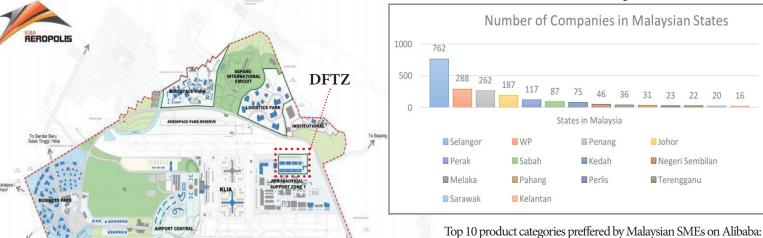


E-Fulfillment Hub



Satellite Services Hub

SMEs breakdown according to states:

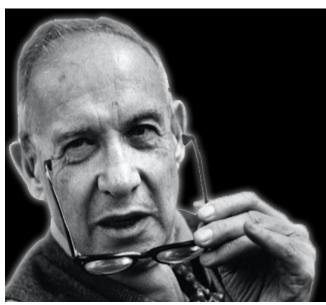


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Industry	No. of Companies	
Food & Beverage	385	
Beauty & Personal care	196	
Furniture	116	
Health & Medical	84	
Packaging & Printing	76	
Apparel	63	
Agriculture	61	
Rubber & Plastics	59	
Automobiles & Motorcycles	58	
Others	225	

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Quote of the day...



Leadership is lifting a person's vision to high sights, the raising of a person's performance to a higher standard, the building of a personality beyond its normal limitations.

Peter Drucker

MITI Weekly Bulletin (MWB) Mobile Apps



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